HONOR CODE PLEDGE: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ BLOCK: \_\_\_\_\_ DATE: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**SOCIAL STUDIES SEVEN MULTIPLE CHOICE ASSESSMENT FOR STUDENT GROWTH MEASUREMENT**

**\_\_\_\_\_1. When Abraham Lincoln stated, “with malice towards none and charity for all, let us bind up the nation’s wounds,” to what historical event was he referring?**

a. The Reconstruction

b. The Revolutionary War

c. The Compromise of 1877

d. The Fugitive Slave Law

**\_\_\_\_\_2. What group was given the right to vote by the 15th Amendment?**

a. African-American men

b. All African-Americans

c. Native Americans

d. Women

**\_\_\_\_\_3. What is the dry, flat grasslands west of the Mississippi River and east of the Rockies known as?**

a. The Basin and Range

b. The Great Plains

c. The Sierra-Nevada Mountains

d. Zion National Park

**\_\_\_\_\_4. In the late 1800s, what was the US government’s policy towards Native Americans?**

a. Native Americans would be forced to relocate in Canada.

b. Native Americans would be required to move onto reservations.

c. Native Americans would be US citizens and allowed to vote in elections.

d. Native Americans would continue to live a nomadic lifestyle on the Great Plains.

**\_\_\_\_\_5. What city is associated with the meat packing industry?**

a. Chicago

b. Detroit

c. New York

d. Pittsburgh



**\_\_\_\_\_6. What industry grew in the area pictured above?**

a. Meat packing

b. Railroads

c. Steel

d. Textiles and garments

**\_\_\_\_\_7. What captain of industry made his fortune with the railroad and shipping industries?**

a. Andrew Carnegie

b. Cornelius Vanderbilt

c. J.P. Morgan

d. John D. Rockefeller

**The Goals of an Organization in 19th Century America:**

* Higher wages for skilled workers.
* Safer working conditions in factories and plants.
* The right to collective bargaining with employers.

**\_\_\_\_\_8. Which 19th Century organization supported all of the goals in the text box above?**

a. The American Federation of Labor

b. The American First Committee

c. The Harlem Renaissance

d. The Industrial Workers of the World

**\_\_\_\_\_9. The Great Migration was the movement of what group of people to northern cities?**

a. African-Americans for new opportunities

b. Carpetbaggers returning home

c. Former Freedmen teachers

d. Native Americans for a new start

**\_\_\_\_\_10. What is a crowded, run-down building with poor living conditions in an urban area called?**

a. Apartment

b. Condominium

c. Ghetto

d. Tenement

**\_\_\_\_\_11. Which person helped new immigrants in urban neighborhoods and made promises to them in exchange for political votes?**

a. political bosses

b. scalawags

c. senators

d. yellow journalists

**\_\_\_\_\_12. Who was the author and photographer who wrote *How the Other Half Lives*?**

a. Eleanor Roosevelt

b. Jacob Riis

c. Jane Addams

d. Upton Sinclair

**\_\_\_\_\_13. Where did the United States construct a canal connecting the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans in the early 1900s?**

a. Lake Erie

b. Panama

c. The Intracoastal Waterway

d. The Suez Region

**\_\_\_\_\_14. Which of these was an *EFFECT* of United States participation in the Spanish-American War?**

a. Alaska was acquired by the United States.

b. The United States acquired the Mexican Cession in the southwest.

c. The United States annexed Hawaii.

d. The United States emerged as a world power.

**\_\_\_\_\_15. Which nation was purchased from Spain and colonized by the United States after the Spanish-American War?**

a. China

b. Japan

c. Philippines

d. Vietnam

**\_\_\_\_\_16. Which of the following incidents is the best example of Theodore Roosevelt’s Big Stick Diplomacy?**

a. The Annexation of Hawaii

b. The colonization of the Philippine Islands

c. The construction of the Panama Canal.

d. United States’ entry into World War I.

**\_\_\_\_\_17. Which of the following Progressive Era Movements was Jane Addams most closely associated with?**

a. Abolitionism

b. Inspection of the Meatpacking Industry

c. Suffrage

d. The Settlement House Movement

**\_\_\_\_\_18. Which President of the United States was the first to strictly enforce laws against trusts?**

a. Calvin Coolidge

b. Grover Cleveland

c. Theodore Roosevelt

d. William McKinley

**\_\_\_\_\_19. Which amendment to the Constitution is most closely associated with the efforts of Susan B. Anthony and Elizabeth Cady Stanton?**

a. 16th Amendment

b. 17th Amendment

c. 19th Amendment

d. Prohibition Amendment

**An African-American Leader of the 19th Century:**

* He was the founder of the NAACP
* He believed in immediate equality for African-Americans socially, politically, and economically.

**\_\_\_\_\_20. Which African-American leader is described by all of the statements in the text box above?**

a. Asa Philip Randolph

b. Booker T. Washington

c. Marcus Garvey

d. W. E.B. DuBois

**Causes of World War I in Europe:**

* Militarism
* \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
* Imperialism
* Nationalism

**\_\_\_\_\_21. Which of the choices below best completes the information in the text box above?**

a. Alliance System

b. German Aggression

c. Isolationism

d. Reparations

**\_\_\_\_\_22. Did the United States ever sign the Treaty of Versailles or join the League of Nations?**

a. The United States did not sign the Treaty of Versailles and did not join the League of Nations.

b. The United States did not sign the Treaty of Versailles but did join the League of Nations.

c. The United States did sign the Treaty of Versailles but did not join the League of Nations.

d. The United States signed the Treaty of Versailles and joined the League of Nations.



**\_\_\_\_\_23. Which cause of the United States’ entry into World War I is illustrated in the political cartoon above?**

a. The Assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand

b. The Sinking of the Lusitania

c. The Zimmermann Telegram

d. Unrestricted Submarine Warfare

**\_\_\_\_\_24. Which nation was forced to pay reparation to the Allied Powers following World War I?**

a. Austria-Hungary

b. Germany

c. Russia

d. The United States

**\_\_\_\_\_25. What was the goal of the temperance movement in United States History?**

a. To ban the use of alcohol in the United States.

b. To convert Native Americans to Christianity.

c. To educate immigrant children in American values and traditions.

d. To grant women the right to vote.

**\_\_\_\_\_26. Which of the following individuals was closely associated with the Harlem Renaissance?**

a. Ernest Hemingway

b. Henry Louis Gates

c. John Steinbeck

d. Langston Hughes

**\_\_\_\_\_27. What was the main reason over 9,000 banks to fail during the late 1920s and early 1930s?**

a. Government Regulations

b. Inflation

c. Overproduction

d. The Stock Market Crash

“This great Nation will endure as it has endured, will revive and will prosper. So, first of all, let me assert my firm belief that the only thing we have to fear is fear itself—nameless, unreasoning, unjustified terror which paralyzes needed efforts to convert retreat into advance.”

* ***An American President, 1933***

**\_\_\_\_\_28. Which American President is quoted in the textbox above?**

a. Franklin Delano Roosevelt

b. Herbert Hoover

c. John F. Kennedy

d. Ronald Reagan

**\_\_\_\_\_29. Which of the events below is considered the immediate cause of the outbreak of World War II in Europe?**

a. Pearl Harbor

b. The Assassination of Franz Ferdinand

c. The Explosion of the USS Maine

d. The Invasion of Poland

**\_\_\_\_\_30. Which of the following dates did Franklin Delano Roosevelt call “a date which will live in infamy?”**

a. October 29, 1929

b. December 7, 1941

c. June 6, 1944

d. September 11, 2001

**\_\_\_\_\_31. Which form of racism and discrimination was prevalent in Germany during World War II?**

a. Anti-Semitism

b. Gender Discrimination

c. Indian-hating

d. Nativism

**\_\_\_\_\_32. What was the program led by J. Robert Oppenheimer which resulted in the construction of the first atomic bomb in the summer of 1945 called?**

a. Manhattan Project

b. Operation Overlord

c. The Anaconda Plan

d. The Tet Offensive

**\_\_\_\_\_33. What was the alliance system which consisted of the United States, Canada, and most of the capitalist and democratic nations in Western Europe called?**

a. The League of Nations

b. The North Atlantic Treaty Organization

c. The United Nations

d. The Warsaw Pact

**\_\_\_\_\_34. What was the United States’ foreign policy which vowed to stop the spread of communism called?**

a. Appeasement

b. Containment

c. Interventionism

d. The Domino Theory

**\_\_\_\_\_35. What was the Supreme Court Case which overturned Plessy V. Ferguson and ruled segregation in public institutions illegal called?**

a. Brown V. Board of Education, Topeka, KS

b. Gideon V. Wainwright

c. Marbury V. Madison

d. Tinker V. Des Moines Public Schools

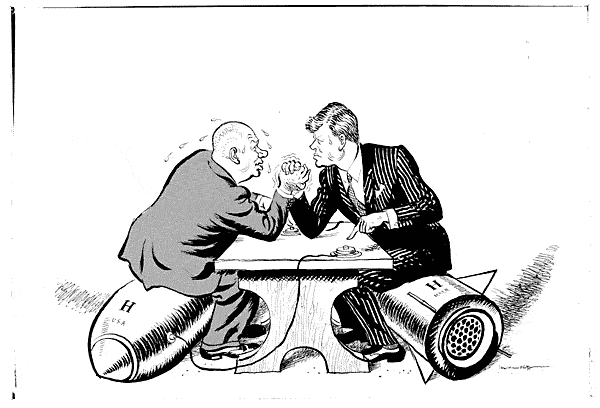
**\_\_\_\_\_36. What was the 1954 Supreme Court case which ended segregation in public schools across the United States of America?**

a. *Brown V. Board of Education, Topeka, KS*

b. *Miranda V. Arizona*

c. The Dred Scott Case

d. *Tinker V. Des Moines Public Schools*



**\_\_\_\_\_37. What event inspired the political cartoon above, featuring a standoff between President John F. Kennedy and his rival, Nikita Khrushchev of the Soviet Union?**

a. The Construction of the Berlin Wall

b. The Cuban Missile Crisis

c. The Korean War

d. The Vietnam War

**\_\_\_\_\_38. Which law outlawed discrimination on the basis of race, sex, or skin color in hiring practices?**

a. The Civil Rights Act of 1964

b. The Equal Pay Act

c. The Equal Rights Amendment

d. The Voting Rights Act of 1965

**\_\_\_\_\_39. Which term describes individuals who supported the war against communism in Vietnam during the late 1960s and early 1970s?**

a. Anarchists

b. Doves

c. Hawks

d. Reds

**\_\_\_\_\_40. Who was the Mexican American leader of the American Farm Workers Union who fought for higher pay and better working conditions for migrant workers in the Southwest?**

a. Cesar Chavez

b. Diego Rivera

c. Emilio Aguinaldo

d. Ernesto “Che” Guevara

**\_\_\_\_\_41. Which proposal below were members of the National Organization for Women strong supporters of?**

a. The 21st Amendment

b. The Americans with Disabilities Act

c. The Equal Rights Amendment

d. The Voting Rights Act

**\_\_\_\_\_42. Which event occurred last in during the Cold War Period?**

a. The Cuban Missile Crisis

b. The Fall of the Berlin Wall

c. The Korean War

d. The Vietnam War

**\_\_\_\_\_43. Which individual below was most famous for his contributions to the field of architecture?**

a. Charles Drew

b. Frank Lloyd Wright

c. Henry Louis Gates

d. Ray Kroc

**\_\_\_\_\_44. Which of the women below is an African American poet who wrote “I Know Why the Caged Bird Sings?”**

a. Alice Walker

b. Maya Angelou

c. Toni Morrison

d. Zora Neale Hurston